The All-Workers Revolutionary Union.

INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM.

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[WEEKLY.

PRICE TWOPENCE.

MR. NIXON.

in the cream gilded cabin of his steam yacht dr. Nixon advised me kindly, to advance with fewer pangers of delay. "Consider

arefully the reviewer.

I was as poor as you are; When I began I got, of course, Advance on royalties, fifty at first,'' said Mr. Nixon,

Follow me, and take a column, gven if you have to work free.

reviewers. From fifty to three hundred rose in eighteen months; hardest nut I had to crack Vas Mr. Dundas.

I never mentioned a man but with the view the tip's a good one, as for literature gives no man a sinecure.

And no one knows, at sight a masterpiece And give up verse, my boy, There's nothing in it."

Likewise a friend of Bloughram's once advised

Don't kick against the pricks, Accept opinion. The "Nineties" tried your game and died, there's nothing in it. Ezra Pound.

THE RECRUIT.

is face was drawn, vet very young; is face was drawn, yet very young; pon the board he gazed for long. is clothes were rags, his boots were done, fhome 'twas plain that he had none. o any passing by beholder was plain the rifle he would shoulder.

victim looked around, above, r help divine or human love, ugh desperation urged him on, greater fear bade him begone. t hesitation's dead'ning spell mg o'er his limbs, rang his death knell.

hat over-dressed and well-fed man, e spider sergeant, smiling ran greet the lad and out of breath e offered food and fire-for Death

God! I would rather rot and damn ly soul than be that smiling man

CLARA GILBERT COLE.

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tion of the paper necessitate prompt payment

Labour and the General Strike against War.

Soviet Russia and the War in the East.

War with Turkey seems imminent. Lloyd George has appealed to the Dominions to aid Britain in the fight, British reinforcements have already been despatched, and Allied soldiers are digging themselves in. Even should the war clouds appear presently to blow over, the Eastern situation is inevitably tending towards war.

It is the British Government that sounds the call to war which France rebukes, and to which Italy indicates she will not respond. All the foolish or insincere chatter about French militarism falls away rebuked at the

It is Lloyd George, the pretended peace-maker, who issues the call to war, for it is from Downing Street, not the Foreign Office, that the British Note to the Allies and the appeal to the Dominions goes forth.

In face of the threat of war, two questions blaze out, crying for answer

Will the workers of Britain proclaim the International General Strike against War?

Will Soviet Russia stand out against the might of Capitalist Britain?

As to the Russian position, the Soviet Government has undoubtedly been helping the Kemalists by supplying aeroplanes, munitions, etc. (The "Observer" asserts, by the tions, etc. (The "Observer" asserts, by the way, that French guns have also been used by the Kemalists; how far French opinion—official or unofficial—may presently be behind those guns, time will disclose.)

The question now is whether the Soviet Government will continue to support the Turks, or whether, if the British Government were to offer recognition and diplomatic relations in return for Russian assistance, the Soviet Government would capitulate.

One would hesitate to entertain the possi of British Capitalist aggression, but in this connection one cannot fail not to overlook the ominous import of the agreement the Soviet Government has just made with the great Government has just made with the great British Capitalist company, the Russo-Asiatic Consolidated, by which the Soviet Government hands over to the company £2,000,000 and the vast Russian properties the company held under the Czardom.

We cannot overlook the pleas which Mr. eslie Urquhart, the spokesman of this great Leslie Urquhart, the spokesman of this great British Capitalist concern, and until lately one of the bitterest opponents of Soviet Russia, is now making for the recognition of Soviet Russia by the British Government.

The "Daily Herald" correspondent in Rome quotes what he alleges to be "a very high authority in the Italian Foreign Office" on this question:

"Italy" he continued "recover the extra

"Italy," he continued, "regards the extension of Greco-Turkish conflict to the Balkans as a grave danger to the general peace. That is why she proposed the Venice

"We are well aware that a conference without Russia—whose decisions would, therefore, not be binding on Russia—could

not settle the problems of Constantinople

and the Straits definitely.

"But Russia's admission does not depend
us. It would necessarily involve recognion us. It would necessary involve recogni-tion of the Soviet Government, and that is not yet settled. But Italy has no objection, either to Russia's participation in the Con-ference, or to her recognition."

It would be the very greatest calamity and a terrible betrayal of the Workers' Revolution if the Soviet Government were now to join forces with the British Capitalist Govern-

The power of British Capitalism is the greatest single force which is bolstering up the Capitalist system. British Capitalism, by its domination of the East, is hindering the development of the East, as an alien domination always must. Eventually the Eastern peoples will free themselves. Until they do, tion always must. Eventually the Eastern peoples will free themselves. Until they do, their evolution towards a higher form of social development is hindered by the racial struggle. Peoples are held back in primitive conditions: peoples are held back in Capitalist conditions by the fact of an alien domination. Peoples suffer grievously under the domination of an alien Capitalist oppression; and that, glossed over, however it may be, is what the British Empire in the East actually is.

British Governments have alternately sup-

British Governments have alternately supported and attacked the power of Turkey in order to preserve British supremacy in the East. Turkey was supported to check the growth of Russian power in the East, lest it rival British power. Greece has been supported against Turkey for fear that Turkey should become a British rival. Russia no longer appears a menace

It is quite possible that France may be anxious to see the curtailment of British power, and that presently France may use Turkey against Britain, as Britain used

Turkey against Britain, as Britain used Turkey against Russia.

The present conflagration in the East has, however, an important aspect, not directly concerned with the exploitation and control of

The revolutionary condition of Eastern and Central Europe, and especially of Austria and Germany, is undoubtedly an important factor in the situation.

British Government and the Revolution. The British Government statement on the ar situation contained this important

passage:
"That the Allies should be driven out of
Constantinople by the forces of Mustapha
Kemal would be an event of the most disastrous character, producing, no doubt, far-reaching reactions not only throughout all Moslem countries, but also throughout all the States defeated in the late war."

Mr. Shortt, the Home Secretary, has ham-ered the point home:

"We have a Germany which may turn to revolution: and revolution among its virile, well-educated people would be in-finitely more disastrous to Europe" (he means to Capitalism) "than anything that happened in Russia. We have to do our

best to get reparations from Germany and bolster up Austria, for war would follow Austria's throwing up the sponge. It is not easy to avoid war in Central Europe.'

to Constantinople in order to overawe the ustrian and German workers, and any others who may decide, in desperation, to fight for emancipation by the Communist proletarian

It means that the Government believes that if the fear of British naval and military inter-vention were withdrawn, the workers of Cen-tral Europe would make their industrial

More than that: if the Central European workers should rise in any event, British troops will be easily accessible to quell the

An Evil War.

There are no redeeming features to this war, no excuses for it. It is compounded of nothing but evi

Call to Labour and the Pacifists.

We call upon the Labour Party and all the members of the Trade Union, Co-operative, and Socialist organisations and the Peace Societies who declare they stand for peace, to-day, to take action against this war—to

The Labour and Socialist Parties to-day are

The General Strike Against War. their opportunity to prove their

An Anneal to the Rank and File.

We call to the Labour Party, the Trade Unions, and the Pacifist organisations to act and file, to every individual who knows and cares and suffers, not to wait for the great organisations and the powerful officials to move, but to act without waiting for anyone to prompt or lead.

The vast unemployment gives the Government its opportunity. When men and women

Yet each war brings in its train a greater landlords

and greater harvest of suffering.
Socialists, Communists: away with your foolish talk of hours and wages; attack the system, and oppose this latest Capitalist war

action of every kind.

Now is the moment when the Revolutionary Workshop Movement should spring into being

Now the Soviets of the streets should appear

Work for these, and act individually in every possible way.

CHOOSING AN EDITOR.

In a strong, sound Socialist movement, the noice of an editor for a country's sole Socialist daily would be a matter of first-class firstly, for profound Socialist convictions and afterwards be sought eloquence and persuasiveness in argument, rapier-like keen in debate-vividly interesting powers of de ualities which, combined with the ability to discern and to use journalistic merit in others, enable an editor to weld the various

the Labour Party's organ, the "Daily Herald," is not the mouthpiece of a strong, and Socialist movement. The Labour Party is not a Socialist Party. Its members and officials represent a vague multiplicity of views. No firm, unalterable convictions bind the party together. Lacking the aid, both of guiding principles and of literary perception, the "Daily Herald" directors chose, as their editor, a journalist who had gained some appreciation, though not the highest, in the

him by any of the capitalist dailies. The Labour Party Press recorded, with misplaced pride, the posts which their new editor had held on such reactionary organs of Capitalism as "The Times," "The Morning Advertiser," the "Daily Mirror," and the "Daily

Those who expected that a real Capitalist Press Journalist would immediately work miracles with the "Daily Herald" were disappointed when they opened the paper on eptember 11th. Except for a slight change f make-up on the leader page, the paper was

of make-up on the leader page, the paper was precisely the same as before.

As to the policy of the new editor, that was clearly revealed by his first leader; it was evident that he intended to be completely respectable, and by no means too radical. He declared that: "Our Labour Government, when it is formed, will be very radical in deed," but he carefully explained it will no be "radical" in the sense in which the term s used to-day in America, and was used this country seventy or eighty years ago. other words, Mr. Hamilton Fyfe desires to be known that the Labour Government o the future, and the "Daily Herald" under his editorship to-day, have nothing in common with the radicalism for which James Larkin, or even Eugene Debs, is imprisoned in America, and for which the Chartists and early Trade Unionists strove and suffered in

In subsequent leading articles Mr. Hamil ton Fyfe is endeavouring, day by day, to set forth the policy of the Labour Party. His task is a difficult one, indeed, since the Labour Party has no definite policy on any

In regard to the land, the new editor told his readers, with much diplomacy, that Lord Bledisloe had been talking about land nationalisation, land banks, small holdings, co-operative buying, selling, butter-making,

To accomplish any of these things (and are starving, and do not fully comprehend the issues at stake, they are willing to enlist in was not clear) Mr. Hamilton Fyfe anced: "We shall have to buy out the

How the landlords are to be paid, or who is to do the paying, Mr. Hamilton Fyfe did not indicate. However, by the statement: "We shall have to buy out the landlords," he made clear the fact that he is not a Socialist. Every Socialist hows them are Every Socialist knows there can be no Socialism so long as certain persons are in possession of great wealth, with which they on buy the produce of other people's Labour and hire others to toil for the

In the same issue the "Daily Herald" editor declared for the perpetuation of the wages system as "an ideal," wages being graduated according to the size of the family supported by the breadwinner. In the meantime, he supported equal pay for men and women, and for "a fair day's work, a fair day's wage "—a most unsocialistic manner of expressing the matter.

On Wednesday the "Herald's" new editor discussed whether the Irish postal workers, being Government servants, have a right to strike. Instead of an inspiring call for proletarian solidarity in the class struggle instead of an able analysis of the position of the workers versus the Capitalist State, this

There will be no peace in the world till each man realises that everybody else's liberty is as precious as his own."

He ominously covered by certain vague phrases the probability that the future Labour Government will be found attempting to prevent its employees from striking

On Thursday the "Daily Herald" editor was found declaring that: "No one who knows the harm done by begging-letter writers" will think too severe the sentence of fifteen months' imprisonment passed on a fragile old needle-woman of sixty-four years

If Mr Hamilton Fyfe had served even one Mr. Hamilton Fyfe, in taking over the month's imprisonment, we think his opinion as to the severity of the sentence would have been different. That the woman was in need

there seems no doubt, but she had posed a doctor's daughter and written a letter to the Duke of Portland. Th Law and Authority has spent some mone bringing her to Court, for attempting to tain some of the considerable unearned in others. The unfortunate old woman h been released from prison for begg last July. Mr. Fyfe dubs her a parasi maybe, but so is the Duke, and a vastly m

We agree with Hamilton Fyfe's comm that in a proper system of society there we be no need for begging. We certainly sho not agree with his version of a proper syst of society. There will be no need for mor at all under what we should consider a pro

In short, the new "Daily Herald," like the Daily Herald," is by no means Socialist newspaper.

We offer a word of advice to the new edit

Daily Herald ": it is that to popular with the workers, and to be succe from the circulation standpoint, a daily w ing-class newspaper must be in advance must represent at least the more adva elements in the movement, and must at le open its columns to the views of the ments which are timid in action and her to ally themselves with extremists, admire advanced fighting policy. They apprecial policy which leads them further than t have vet ventured, even though they

The Daily Herald, when a weekly, heavily subsidised by middle-class porters, and was widely advertised. Ynever aroused the self-sacrificing of tion lavished by the workers upon advanced weeklies with only the volu pennies of the workers to depend on. We the "Herald" policy is in the rear of workers' movement it will always be a c drain on the movement, and will be rece with no more than tolerance by the m for whom it professes to cater.

IRISH NEWS.

TROM REPUBLICAN SOURCES.

The Republicans have no great Press at their of posal: their newspapers are but single sheets of ty or are merely stencilled from typewriting.

The Nation of September 9th, a stencilled part of three pages, points out that Harry Boland, collected by officers of the Provisional Government; is "So far no vendetta has been indulged in by Republicans. They have made war when war under on them, but they have not assassinated warmed men..."

armed men. . . .

"Why can we not have peace? Because Church Cloyd George, Macready, and Cope say you n make war on your fellow-countrymen."

Dairmaid O'Crowley Jude, of the Dail Supp Court, has been put to prison for standing by Dail Courts.

Poblacht na H-Eireann for September 7th says
Peace!

"There are rumours of peace negotiations. Provisional Government which began this war have peace to-morrow by calling off the attack the I.R.A. and respecting the declared independ of Ireland. There can be no peace as long a attempt is continued to make the Irish nation English Colony. The Free State is dead. Let Free Staters return to the Republic. Peace follow."

same paper comments on the articles cel Collins which are appearing in the H

Befouling Michael Collins' Memory. The Irish Times of Saturday stated that Mr. albot, of the Hearst Press, is engaged in 80,000 word life of Michael Collins, to be an 80,000 word life of Michael Collins, to be in eight days. For eight months Mr. Talbot he cabling to U.S.A. anti-Irish propagands of the kind. He is known even to his fellow-journa a man utterly unreliable and unscrupulous, efforts to make money out of Michael Collins is a typical example of his character. No rewriter would belie the dead by turning out ill-d matter at the rate of 10,000 words a day, pur to describe the life of a man he had seen than forty-eight hours. If Mr. Talbot's "li anything like his articles in the London Express, which are filled with venomous misreptions, we fear for the honour of Michael tions, we fear for the honour of Michael Collimemory. At the hands of such a man it will dragged through any filth that will catch a dollar

R.I.L.U. RETREAT. Memories of Better Things.

September 23, 1922.

Back to the Unions " Conference in was depressing. It met in the quiet s of the Memorial Hall, where we a sorrow for the murder of Luxemburg debknecht, in the days when many of present on Saturday last were working s for Communism, and were under-the special task of building in the workolutionary organisation of the

organisers of Saturday's Conference andoned the rank and file workshop , abandoned Communism and the They were back in the squirrel wages and hours demands. The virile Smash the system," was unheard, casionally someone on the platform

Conference had meerly come to talk: resolutions. It had no plans, no infor action. What mean and abjectly resolutions they were, too!

rages resolution appealed not to the lile, but to the General Council of ade Union Congress: and for what did eal? It appealed that "the existing wages be regarded as the minimum

you content with the present rate of as your standard rates, fellow-worker?

Hours.

hours; again it was to the Trade Congress General Council that the R.I.L.U. appealed; and for what? he hours should remain as at present; should not be lengthened. bury moved an addendum that there

also be a demand for a 40-hour week.

Pollitt, once so active as a pro of the 40-hour week, asked that the m should be modified so as to ask for ur week, because, he said, the Trade Congress, with great difficulty, had luced to agree to that. He wanted to e Trade Union leaders fight for what agreed to. Poor Harry Pollitt! He to wait a long time to see any fightbrought to agree to something, are

I.L.U. Conference meekly assented tt's request that, instead of leading de Union Congress in this respect, it humbly follow the Trade Union lead.

A Do-Nothing General Council.

Murphy then explained the R.I.L.U. plan for union reorganisations. The on asked the Trade Union Congress Council—always the General Council pare a plan whereby the Trade Unions amalgamated into industrial unions. itical parties of the working class, the societies, and working-class ations should be concentrated in the

Murphy supported this resolution as is he used to urge the exactly opposite when he was in the Workers' Com-The General Council had thing he admitted but it exists and

monthing, he admitted, but it exists, and that he considers the R.I.L.U. is remaible. He overlooks the fact that Mr. thur Henderson advocated its formation of the R.I.J.U. existed.

Industrial Unionism with a But. In the formation of industrial unions, among the other unions; that, he said, and not be expected to distribute their mems among the other unions; that, he said, and be unpractical—it would not be done; urged only that where there were several ions in an industry which could amalgate without such difficulties, they should the fact that the old unions would never asent to dissolve was one of the arguments

month by month, and, as Europeans, their position is notebody. Iterally there is no demand for their services. Coloured men are cheaper, and quite as efficient for the class of work required. The patriotic employers, no longer able to make so large a profit as formerly out of their kind slaves, have closed down some of the imines, and hundreds of the mines are being sent away to swell the ranks of the hungry unemployed.

The Chamber of Mines is master: it owns and controls South Africa, the mineral resources of the country, and the machinery and tools of production; it as behind it the soldiers, the policy, the burghers, he detectives, and the capitalist Press, always ready to respond to the call of the masters.

The policy of the Chamber of Mines is quite evident: it is engaged at the moment in separating the unions, abolishing agreements, reducing wages, and suppressing the monopoly of labour.

The African Labour movement is to-day in a state of flux. Confusion is rampant in its ranks. Indus-

Murphy used to use in favour of the Shop Stewards' and Workers' Committee movement.

Waiting for the Press to Recommend Communism.

In the course of the discussion, a delegate declared that if Communism were something for the good of humanity, every newspaper would take it up. He considered Communism was not for the good of humanity; therefore he wanted something else instead. Alas! for the R.I.L.U. Its day is done. Too many so called Revolutionaries like the delegate so-called Revolutionaries, like the delegate who said he did not want Communism, are waiting to work for it till the Press begins to

LABOUR FAKIRS AND SOUTH AFRICAN MINERS.

The Liverpool Labour Party had a alrge meeting

The Liverpool Labour Party had a alrge meeting in the Stadium on Sunday, September 3rd. Hayes, Stephen Waish, and Sexton were the speakers, and some off us picketed the meeting for an nour before it started. We had a banner—"Smuts, South Africa, Blood and Goid"—with large splashes of red air over it. It was certainly a striking banner.

We walked inside and asked for an unemployed speaker to be allowed on the platform, and also a resolution to be forwarded to the Trades Congress. The first request was granted, and the speaker also dealt with the South African miners. Then Stephen walsh got up, so we demanded the resolution be put. The speaker continued to ignore the request, so I walked inside the reserved seats and picketed for a few minutes, then, as the meeting grew uproarious in demanding the resolution to be put, I climbed into the ring and took charge of the meeting. I spoke for about fifteen minutes, and then O'Flaherty spoke, and the crowd unanimously passed a resolution demanding the release of the miners on pain of similar action being taken with the bosses here. Of course the Labour fakirs had left the hall long before this happened.

Needless to say, the C.P. disagreed with our hasty action. There were nearly 2,000 people at the meeting, and the Press, of course, ignored the real reason why the meeting was broken up, and blamed the unemployed. We have also held meetings all over the town, and had resolutions passed at every one that each member of the crowd will make it his or her duty to bring this question up on every possible occasion. I also picketed the Trades Union Congress at Southport with the same banner; and whether it was due to my efforts or not, I do not know, for I worried every delegate I could grab; but an emergency resolution was moved in the afternoon after I had the banner out. One thing struck me as peculiar, and that was that, although there were sixteen members of the C.P. as delegates, not one came over to me and asked if they could do anything to help. The only two who did come over and offer assistance without being asked were the two men who were chucked out of the Party, Bob Williams and Cooke. That was the extent of the C.P. boring from within: sixteen out of 717 delegates, and they did absolutely nothing except talk, talk, talk. Needless to say, the C.P. disagreed with our hasty

WOBBLY.

From 1887-1921, a period of thirty-four years, though in the earlier years, only a comparatively small capital was invested, the mines of the Witwatersrand have returned in dividends the very respectable sum of £132,326,602, as against a total invested capital of

Nevertheless, at the end of 1921, according to the local Press, the one salvation of the country lies in "hard work and plain living." General Smuts told the workers after the strike: "The people must work and live more sparingly."

The Report of the Inspector of White Labour for July is a dismal one. The long list of unemployed in the engineering trades is being added to day by day, and the trade grows rather than lessens. Conditions in the building trades have taken a turn for the worse. Carpenters, painters, and printers in large numbers are seeking work.

The ranks of the unskilled are being reinforced month by month, and, as Europeans, their position is hopeless. Literally there is no demand for their services. Coloured men are cheaper, and quite as

trially, as well as politically, the Federations of Trades are absolutely bankrupt.

Things are, indeed, so bad here that I have seen human beings gathering their daily food from he garbage heaps in the streets to quiet their gnawn.

"The industry will not recognise as representa-tives of unions, for any purpose whatever, persons who have been associated with the Augmented Executive of the S.A.I.F. or with the Council of Action."

"By the term trade union is meant a trade union recognised by the Chamber of Mines."
"There is to be no compelling employees to join a trade union."

"There is to be no compelling employees to join a trade union."

"An employee is at liberty to become a member of a trade union or not, as he thinks fit."

"Shop and shaft stewards, works, and grievance committees are not recognised by the industry."

"Employees who are not members of trade unions shall have exactly the same rights in placing their complaints before the management and the board of directors as are enjoyed by employees who are members of trade unions."

"A standing Conciliation Board will be estab lished. The Board shall consist of ten members, five of whom shall be appointed by the Gold Producers' Committee of the Chamber, and five elected by the employees on a fined basis. The members shall be appointed for two years, and shall be persons who are either employed by the gold mining industry or are whole-time trade union officials."

It is proposed that any machinery agreed upon at the Conference shall be given statutory authority by an Act of Parliament, providing that conciliation machinery, such as is now under discussion, may be registered in the White Labour Department, and shall thereafter have the force of law until denounced by either party after due notice. In the event of a lock-out or strike taking place, contrary to the provisions of such machinery, the employers, who effect the lock-out, the executive committee and officials of any trade union which is a failiated thereto, should be liable to prosecution, and on conviction to imprisonment without the option of a fine, and that a secret ballot under Government supervision shall take place before any strike is declared.

As far as the other industries are concerned in the Transvaal, the rate of wages is regulated by the

shall take place before any strike is declared.

As far as the other industries are concerned in the Transvaal, the rate of wages is regulated by the number of men who are out of employment. When four men out of five are turned out of employment, there is nothing in the world for these four men to do but to bide and see how much lower each one can work on that man's job who is retained than the others. It tends to a reduction of wages, and in that way is a direct attack upon the interests of those who have no means and cannot have any.

What is to be done? Just now all we can do is to prepare for the revolution.

ISAAC VERMONT.

ISAAC VERMONT

Sir,—I was at a meeting here on Sunday, August 27th, addressed by a Mr. Sara, of your Party.

In the course of his remarks he spoke of the way the Government of Russia were caring for and educating the children. I am, of course, in perfect agreement. But I must condemn the same Government in refusing freedom of speech, of the Press the wich fusing freedom of speech, of the Press, the right assembly and publication of their literature to the ussian Workers' Opposition, whereby they have had go to a foreign Continental country to do same do to appeal to Communists for financial support enable them to do so.

Now, I can quite understand a Government re-fusing reactionaries the right to attempt to undo all that they have had a bitter struggle for; but when that Government is in itself reactionary, and because it is stronger than its opponents who are not reactionary, but more advanced, refuse the common right of citizenship to others, then that Government does not deserve the support of the world proletariat.

world proletariat.

In this country, up till now, speeches, meetings, publications, and the right of assembly has been allowed all parties. What must the people think of the loud praises given to Russia, above all countries, who refuse these rights to their own revolutionary, hard struggling workers, who wish to push forward with the very same flag that the Government allege that they set out with?

The world knows well how reactionary the Government of Russia has become. We know their terrible difficulties, but she must remember that such conduct as she has meted out to the Workers' Opposition, Left-Wing, Fourth International, Non-Parliamentary Communists, will re-act upon herself by the workers of the world.

to propagate their doctrines here.

I have refrained from using the word comrade because, according to Sara, that word used by me towards you and himself is only piffle, humbug. I am, Sir, C. J. DELAHUNTY

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THE OUTLOOK.

Russia's Foreign Trade.

Hitherto the Russian Soviet Government refused to allow private individuals in Russia

ment itself retaining the monopoly.

This state of affairs belonged, however, to the period when the Soviet Government was ncompatible with the re-establishment of

Therefore, whilst the Soviet Government still protests that it maintains its monopoly of foreign trade, it is actually surrendering of foreign trade, it is actuarly surrendering it, though it still regulates it, by the issue of import and export permits, which are only granted upon payment of a tax, if the price and terms of the contract are approved. A Special Permits Department is being set up, and import permits may also be obtained from the Russian Trade Commissariats abroad. Export and import permits are sub-

oct to a duty of 5 per cent.

Truly in these latter days the Soviet Government is developing all the corruption-bearing features of Capitalist bureaucracy, employ large numbers of people in use-

Lending Money to the Capitalist.

"Russian Information and Review"
"The Russian Soviet State Bank has dustrial organisations and State enterprises an active part in establishing the Capitalist

Russian Money.
"Russian money," says the "Russian Information and Review,"" in any currency now accepted in Russia, may be imported

Russia, even the easily forged, unnumbered money of the Kerensky period. To open the door to the unlimited import of such money, work forging Russian money. Already it has been exposed that foreign Governments resorted to this means of attacking the Soviet Power in the early days of the Bolshevik

Compulsory Arbitration of Trade Disputes.

Compulsory arbitration of trades disputes in Soviet Russia has come half-way: it is only artially established vet; but the thin end system will soon be complete. The British Labour Government will be able to follow a Russian precedent. The "Russian Informa-tion and Review" observes that in Soviet

The worker again has to sell his labour; and industry, whether private or State, has to purchase it, and naturally in the transaction both sides aim to make the best of

more clearly than those words that the light or Communist idealism is no longer with those are controlling the Government of Soviet

Disputes can only be submitted to thes, odies by the agreement of both sides, and a lision can only be reached by agreement; aut once this has been done, the decision is a binding contract which may be

legally enforced.

More Centralised Disputes Committees consist of one representative each of the Commissariat of Labour, the Commissariat of Justice, and the All-Russian Council of Trade Unions. Here, again, disputes can only be submitted by agreement of both sides, and decisions can only be reached by agreement; but the decision has the force of law.

Conciliation and Arbitration Boards.

Where agreement cannot be reached in the Disputes Committee, the matter may be handed over to a Conciliation, Board, by conmay, again with the consent of both parties, be submitted to an Arbitration Court. The arbitrators may be selected by agreement, failing which they are appointed by the Comssariat of Labour.

In the case of nationalised industries, where the alternative is a strike or other in-terruption of work, submission to an Arbitration Court is compulsory.' In the case of private industry, submission is optional; but both cases the decision of the Arbitration

The workers employed by the Russian Government are therefore legally deprived of the right to strike.

Apologists for the present reaction in Russia will try to persuade us that the Soviet Government is quite unlike other Govern-ments, and therefore the denial of the right to strike does not matter. Now that Capi-calism is returning to Russia, however, the transformed into the custodian of the Capi-

The Left Revolutionary Groups of Russia are carrying on an uphill struggle for the emancipation of the Russian workers, in face of the growing Capitalist reaction

The Russo-Asiatic's Great Triumph

Mr. Leslie Urquhart, of the Russo-Asiatic Company, in an article in the "Sunday declares the conclusion of the agree ment between his company and the Soviet Government will be a turning-point in the levelopment of new Russia, which, he says,

is destined to play as commanding a part the international commerce of the next half-century as the Western States of America have played in the past half-century." Mr. Urquhart also states that the agreement has been "hailed all over the rading world as an event of decisive signifi-

Such views, coming, as they do, from wellsome heart-searching amongst those optimistic ment's sad reversion to Capitalism is a short munism; and who base this fantastic notion talism in Russia will, in ten years' time, p bring about the collapse of Capitalism, without any conscious effort on the part of

Mr. Urquhart proceeds to point out that biggest industrial concern in Russia, and one of the biggest in the world. It practically controls," he says, "Russia's non-ferrous metal industry, nearly 70 per cent. of her copper production, all her zinc and lead outout, and over 20 per cent. of her gold pro-luction. It has large iron and steel works, numerous coal mines, over 300 miles of railway, and more than 2½ million acres of land."

All this vast wealth now passes out of the hands of the Russian workers and peasants who seized it in the revolution, back to the British shareholders who will never do a hand's turn on the soil of Russia; but who will continue (until another revolution arises ployers and employed, are established in the to dispossess them) drawing wealth from the

labour of Russian people. When the Russo-Asiatic Consolidated was fully at work it employed 45,000 men, says Mr. Urquhart, and "supported," he adds, "a population of over 250,000, whom it housed, schooled, and supported with hospitals theatres, and most than the support of th

lied with hospitals, theatres, and ma other of the conveniences and ameni

people are handed back, whether no, to the rule of an alien Capitali Many more will be thus disposed near future. Mr. Urquhart says agreement with the Soviet Government guards, and guarantees. He thinks ng which cannot obtain from the ers terms as good as the Russo-Asiatic C olidated has received, if only the Bri He urges that the British Government she lend the British companies in Russ £15,000,000. He believes that "an Angl ssian trade on a scale hitherto unknow will result from provident action.

and diplomatic recognition of the Sov ystem. But does anyone suppose that recognition can be, or should, be delayed mu-

The Soviet Government having shown its absolutely willing to facilitate the development of Capitalism in Russia, and disposit to be exceedingly generous to foreign Catalism, there is no longer any reason for ternational Capitalism to show hostility wards those whom it once hated and fear

Russia Exports Grain.

The news that Soviet Russia has abolisi the State Communism for the relief of famine, and is about to export grain a Russia, would be matter for rejoicing, c e feel quite confident that we are not to a repetition of the pre-revolutionary cu of exporting wheat which is seriously and could be used in Russia itself, but is exported because it is more financially fitable to export it, than to hand it over, e poor peasants whose harvests have fail or to starving town workers.

It is reported that 12,000 tons of Kub ports. It is said that the condition of tra port renders it impossible to carry wheat fr North Caucasia to Central Russia; thou according to the "Russian Information a Review," three million persons during coming year will be dependent upon tinuous relief to preserve them from star

Austrian Soldiers Help Strike.

The Austrian printers, whose strike d prived Vienna of newspapers for several day have obtained a substantial increase in wa appears to be that their strike fund rece substantial support from the solidarity of the workers in the Army with t in the class struggl

graduated according to an index figure ris with the cost of living. An amendme the Index Figure Law provides that October 1st only 50 per cent. of the infigure allowance shall be payable to upward. If the cost of living shows a d pecomes due the index figure is to be ign taken this action, the General Association Austrian Manufacturers has decided up immediate curtailments of the index fig

The question that is uppermost regar the point of privation at which it will re-

Hungary Joins the League of Oppresso The Hungarian Govern in its patronage of White Terror, Hungary unanimously invited to join the League

Draft Constitution for

The All-Workers Revolutionary Union of Workshop Committees.

against them.

This organisation shall be known as the Workers' Revolutionary Union of rkshop Councils.

NAME

September 23, 1922.

OBJECT.

emancipate the working class in the possible way: by the overthrow of capiand the private property and wage ; and the establishment of a world

land and the means of production, ort and distribution shall be held in

shall be no social classes, no emand employed.

shall be no money, no barter, or

orm of buying and selling. shall be no wages or direct reward

ices rendered

ersons shall enjoy the free use of all ure and human labour produce. They rtake without stint, according to their al needs and desires, since the com can produce more than its members

stration shall be by the Soviets.

Soviets, which shall administer the vices, shall be formed along the lines action and distribution, and shall be industrial, domestic, educational, ther forms of work and service. The ystem comprises, in fact, one great workers, with industrial departments on the workshop basis.

the community.

hall enjoy the opportunities created by ective effort.

Method.

All Workers' Revolutionary Union composed of workers in all industries le the workers to take control of pro all services for the benefit of the community. The A.W.R.U. struggles the workers together as a class.

A.W.R.U. recognises the value

general strikes, sympathetic strikes strikes, occupation of the workshops, ry form of industrial and active prol struggle which furthers its ultimate

A.W.R.U. recognises the value of proagitation and action, and all sorts ational work to promote the spread of asciousness and Communist ideals

Solidarity in the Class Struggle.

A.W.R.U. recognises that those who in the production and transport of al to be used by combatants in war are selves effective combatants. Therefore, A.W.R.U. declares that those who assist pitalists and employers or Governments are opposing the workers in the class the workers and against Communism

Opposition to Old Trade Unionism.

purpose of providing friendly benefits palliating the wage system, will never ate the workers, but act as bulwarks capitalist system: also by their secs prevent the uniting of the workers as The A.W.R.U. rejects the policy of "boring from within" the old Trade Unions: its object is to supersede them; it fights openly shop council.

Labour Party.

The A.W.R.U. is likewise opposed to the Reformist and Counter-Revolutionary Labour tion with it and other Reformist Parties

The A.W.R.U. opposes all opportunist tac

Red International of Labour Unions. The A.W.R.U. rejects the Red Inter-tional of Labour Unions, because it admits

Trade Unions to affiliate, and adopts the policy of "boring from within" the old Trade

Opposition to Whitleyism and Conciliation With Capitalism.

The A.W.R.U. opposes all Whitley Councils, profit-sharing schemes, councils of emoloyers and employed, Conciliation Boards, Workshop Councils promoted by the em-ployers, or other methods of conciliating the organisers of capitalist production, as these are a hindrance to the workers in their struggle to overthrow capitalism.

Opposition to Parliamentarism The A.W.R.U. rejects all responsibility for the administration of the capitalist State or participation in the elections to Parliament and the local governing bodies. It directs its efforts to the creation of the Industrial Republic. It opposes Parliamentarism be-cause it sabotages the Soviet idea.

Conditions of Membership.

1. All members of the A.W.R.U. must pledge themselves to work for the overthrow of capitalism, and the setting up of a World Relation of Communist Republics. Federation of Communist Republics.

2. No member of the A.W.R.U. may assist

in the transport or equipment of troops or blacklegs employed against the workers, or in the manufacture or transport of material for use against the workers in their struggle.

3. No member of the A.W.R.U. may take office in a Trade or Industrial Union other than the All Workers' Revolutionary Union.
4. No member of the A.W.R.U. may take

office in a workshop committee promoted by the Trade Unions. 5. No member of the A.W.R.U. may take office in any council of employers and employed, profit-sharing scheme, or take office on any Conciliation Board.

6. No member of the A.W.R.U. may take office in any political Party unless its object is the overthrow of Capitalism and the establishment is affiliated to the Labour Party or any other

Reformist organisation. 7. No member of the A.W.R.U. may as the administration of the capitalist State, becoming a candidate for Parliament or

8. The conditions of membership shall be signed and the occupation of the member given on joining the Union.

Members' Dues.

Members' dues shall be paid weekly at the rate of —— per week.

Members who neglect to pay dues for ——

days shall be suspende Structure

Shop and Factory Councils.

The Shop Councils of the A.W.R.U. shall comprise the workers in a given workshop or working place. Every worker on the jirrespective of craft, grade, sex, race, nationality, is eligible for membership. Every worker on the job, large centres there may be a branch in each workshop, each of which shall send delegates to a factory committee for the whole concern.

Unemployed Members

A close co-operation shall be maintained between the employed and unemployed workers. The unemployed members of the A.W.R.U. shall be attached to Local Groups, with Industrial Committees. Each Industrial Committee of the Unemployed Local Group shall comprise all the members of the Unem ployed Local Group who have belonged to the industry covered by that Committee. Each member of the Local Group will there-fore belong to an Industrial Committee of the Group as well as to the Group itself

District Councils

District Councils shall be formed of one delegate for every Shop Committee, and two delegates from every Factory Committee, and two or more delegates from each Unemployed Local Group, in suitable proportion to its

District Industrial Departments shall be formed from amongst the delegates to the District Councils.

Each District Industrial Department shall sist of all the delegates on the District Council who represent the industry covered by Thus every member of the A.W.R.U. will also belong to the Distric-Industrial Department of the trade in which he or she works

Area Councils.

Area Councils and Area Industrial Depart-ments shall be formed of delegates from the

National Council.

The National Council shall consist of delegates from the Area Councils, with an equal number of delegates sent from mass meeting f employed and unemployed members in the districts. It shall meet when necessary, and in general, not less than once in six months. It shall be called on the demand of one-third f the Area Councils, or by the National Executive.

National Industrial Departments.

National Industrial Departments shall be formed from the members of the National Council, as in the case of the District and

National Executive.

The National Executive shall be elected half y members of the National Council, half by the National Convention

National Convention.

A National Convention shall be held annually. It shall consist of delegates elected by mass meetings of the employed and un-employed members in the districts and delegates from the Area Councils

Recall.

All delegates and officials of the A.W.R.U. shall be subject to recall at any time by those who appointed them. They shall be instructed by, and report to, the bodies they

Unpaid Officials.

Delegates and officials shall in no case be paid more than bare expenses and loss of

Each Council shall appoint an industrial organiser, propaganda organiser, and trea-

Half the money received from members' dues shall be retained by the Shop and Fac-(Continued on p. 8.)

PROLETARIAN SCHOOLS.

A. McCALLUM SCOTT, M.P., ON MARX.

By Tom Anderson.

Girls and boys, a great big man by the name of Mr. A. McCallum Scott, M.P., one of our Coalition members for the East End of Glasgow, addressed the members of the City Business Club a few days ago in the Doro Restaurant, Glasgow, on

Legacy of Karl Marx."

"The character of Karl Marx was," he said, "not attractive; he was a 'Declassed Jew,' who was ostracised by the community to which he naturally belonged, an exile from the country of his birth, harassed by poverty, living in squalid surroundings, beset with netty covers and humilistics, and consumed petty cares and humiliations, and consumed by bitterness and gall.

His monumental treatise on 'Capital was palpably absurd, and was rejected by every serious economist; but he had thou-sands of followers all over the world, who were regarded as a menace in every Euro-

He was a prophet of the ideal, a prophet of revolution." This big man Mr. McCallum Scott, M.P.—and by the Press of our city he throw any ordinary thinker in economics or knowledge. I am very sorry for him; the day is past for "gutter" language to prove anything. His address equals the discussion I heard between two rich men on board an Atlantic liner. They were discussing the Lord's Prayer, when the one bet the other 500 dollars he could not repeat it. "Done," said the other, and started with "The Lord's my Shepherd, I'll not want."
do," said No. 1, and paid over. ' That will

You will see, girls and boys, that Mr. Scott trys to be funny at the expense of Marx's poverty. But it is easy being funny. You all know in Glasgow what a "Macullum" is. You can get one for a penny. Well, Mr. Scott is a "Macullum"; and any Italian vendor, as you know, can provide you with one, so long as you have a copper or two.

There was a man of old, who was being sentenced, and when the Judge wanted to acquit him they said "No; away with him. Give us Barrabus." In like manner, when James Maxton stands for Bridgeton—an James is an honest, upright man—against Mr. Scott, the workers shall shout—led by the thieves, of course—"Away with him! "Give us a 'Macullum."

As this man Mr. Scott has stepped down into the gutter, we must go there and meet him; and when the election comes round, you are all to go to his meetings and shout: 'Give us a 'Macullum'! Away with the Labour man! Give us a 'Macullum'! Give

I am quite certain that the average worker I am quite certain that the average worker in Bridgeton would know what a "Maculum' is. Mr. Scott has said that Marx was a "declassed Jew." He wanted to appeal to the superstition of the workers. You may not yet know, girls and boys, that nearly all the workers have a certain antipathy against the Jews. They have been taught so. 1 told a story in the "Workers' Dreadnought" not long ago about old Tom Taylor, and he was a staunch trade unionist and Christian; and one day, during a discussion, someone said Jesus was a Jew. Old Tom was horrisaid Jesus was a Jew. Old form was norm-fied. "I thought," he said, "that Jesus was a Scotsman. Man, do you tell me that Jesus was a Jew? I am surprised to learn that." So is your average worker. They are surprised, but say nothing.

Many years ago I was in a company, and we started discussing religion, and all the company present were members of the Scottish Presbyterian Church, I being the only one black sheep, and took no part in the discussion. In a lull in the wrangle an old lady said to me, quite seriously. "I am sure Jesus is a Scotsman, Tom." I replied, not wanting to hurt the old lady's feelings, that

thought He was more of a Citizen of the

Wno was Jesus Christ, girls and boys. Put it on your brain from this day onward. "He was a Declassed Jew," A Declassed Jew, was a Declassed Jew, A Declassed Jew, alsowned by His own people." A Declassed Jew," He lived in poverty, and even lower than Marx. He had no place to lay His head. He had not even a slum to live in. He did what Marx later on did-He lived for mankind. It any of you in your lifetime should live for the people, you will be "declassed." Some people think that Jesus was put on the "Cross" to save the world from their sin.

Such is not the case. He was put on the "Cross" because He was a workman; had He been a McCallum Scott of the period, He would have been allowed to choose His own death. The "Cross," girls and boys, was reserved solely for the "declassed," and every member of the "declassed," without exception, who was sentenced to death was put to death on the "Cross." Jesus is no

exception to the rule.

Why is Jesus so great to-day, and so honoured by all the elite of society? He is a declassed Jew, just the same as Marx. He is so honoured because He is so long dead. If He were living to-day He would be in one of our big prisons. He would be "declassed," without the possible chance of escape. They made Jesus a God because the slaves made Him possible; and His teaching now has been made to fit into an economic order, otherwise He would have received the fate that has been given to every "declassed '

There is no comparison between Marx and Jesus, except it be in their humanity. Marx spoke and wrote in seven languages; Jesus never left a written word. It has all been done for Him. Marx was the son of a Jew, Jesus was the Son of a Jew. Both were declassed." In this they are one.

was exiled from Germany, France, and Belgium, Jesus was allowed to live where he was born. Marx was the son of a middle-class man, Jesus was the Son of a workman; and they both paid the price and were declassed and crucified.

I have a feeling, girls and boys, that if we would make Marx a God, a real God in the sense that Jesus is a God, we would grow and grow, and so be better able to accomplish the revolution with a faith we have not

Marx has left us a heritage a thousand times greater and greater than all the Gods that have been in the world. If we would make "Das Capital" our Bible, and read it, and study it, and proclaim our kingdom the kingdom of man. If we would live for revolution, we would win in the end; but that requires faith and courage, and so to me, who am an old man, Marx is God. I have said and written this before. I write again in the full growth of my mentality, that Marx is greater than any God that has ever been in the world. Once our slaves rise a little, once they perceive the ray of knowledge which Marx gave to them, and to them only, then shall the day be when we shall march forward.

IN FAIRY LAND.

WORDS AND MUSIC BY T.A.

In fairy land a king did dwell, With whiskers on his chin, And every night he went to bed,

He took a "tucker" in,
He took a "tucker" in, the king,
He took a "tucker" in, Then all the fairies in the land Began to sing this hymn.

The king, the king, long live the king, The fairies sang with glee, Bring Labour forth, with arms so strong, So they their king may see.
And Labour came on "bended knees," And whispered sweet and low, Take Labour strong, my king, my lord, To run the little show

The king he laughed, the queen she smiled, At what dear Labour said. My little ones, the queen did say, It's time you were in bed, It's time you were in bed, dear ones, It's time you were in bed, The fairies they are making fun, Come sing this song instead

Then Labour died of grief and pain, And when the lights went low They buried them, as you do know, Where all good people go, Where all good people go, my child, Where all good people go, To that dear land where angels dwell. They're singing, sweetly, so.

The music of the above song appears in Prolet cult for October. Monthly, 1d.

ESPERANTO.

SLOSILO DE L'EKZERCO 13 EKZERCO No. 14

Patrino!-Kion vi volas, karulineto? scias ke mi plantis terpomojn, sed vi ne so kio venis!—Terpomoj?—Ne, ne tio; v porko kiu manĝis ilin.

Artisto montris al amiko pecon de blan papero. Tio bildo, li diris, prozontas la pa de la Izraelidoj tra la Ruĝa Maro.—Sed la maro?—Ĝi jam foriris.—Kaj la Izraelid Ili jam pasis.—Kaj la Egiptoj?—Ili anko

VORTARETO.

amiko	friend	maro	sea
artisto	artist	montri	to show
ankoraŭ	yet	papero	paper
bildo	picture	pasi	to pass
blanka	white	patrino	mother
diri	to say	peco	piece
foriri	to go away	planti	to plant
ĝi	it	porko	pig
karulineto	little dear	prezenti	to represent
kie	where	ruĝa	red
kio	what	scii	to know
kiu	who	sed	but
ili	they	terpomo	potato
jam	already	tra	across
manĝi	to eat	veni	to come
	voli	to will	

MANIFESTO DE LA KOMUNISTA PARTIO.

La feŭda sistemo de industrio, sub ki industria produktado estis monopoligita ne plu sufiĉas al la kreskantaj bezonoj d novaj komercaj kampoj. La fabrikadi temo prenis ĝian lokon. La gildmajstroj flanken ŝovitaj de la fabrikanta mezk divido de laboro inter la diversaj enkorp gildoj estis anstataŭita per divido de labo ciu memstaranta laborejo.

NOTICE.

If learners will kindly send the transla of this Ekzerco on a postcard to "Dr nought Ekzercestno," 152 Fleet Street, saying how long they have been ing, they may get a prize, or some iremarks about the quality of their perfo ance in our next issue.

DREADNOUGHT £500 FUND. Brought forward, £283 2s. 9d. C. Mai 2/6; J. Evans, 2/6; W. B. Findley, Total for week, 10/-. Total, £283 12s.

RUSSIAN LEFT COMMUNIST REVO

TIONARY GROUPS. C. Josephs, 1/-; F. Jones, 1/-; Jan Taylor, 1/-. Total, 3/-.

RECEIVED FOR REVIEW.

September 23, 1922.

yoems, 1918-21, including Three Porand Four Cantos," by Ezra Pound.

and Liveright, New York, 12/-.) May tained from the "Dreadnought" Book-This is a wonderful book to read and t leisure. It is the product of a lofty ance and wide experience. Ezra Pound ine command of language, and writes bold assurance. Only occasionally bold assurance. Only occasionally med verse, he emerges from the growd of rhymsters in splendid blank

bulk, huge mass, the saurus tan, the clock ticks and fades out; bride awaiting the God's touch;

of patterned streets; again the vision: in the vial stradle to gaol the crowd nd arm'd.

ing on populous business, and from

valley is thick with leaves, with leaves, the trees,

sunlight glitters, glitters a top, the church-roof in Poictiers

ath it, beneath it

the black, soft water; ing the body of nymphs, of nymphs,

burns, rain sinks into the cracks ney all go to rack and ruin beneath e thud of the years. genius a deathless adornment, a

name not to be worn out with the of various and unconventional

ngs, he soars upward:
v-fangled chariot follows the flower-

ing Muse with young loves clustered bout her ascends within the aether. . .

comes tumbling down to:
d I also among the later nephews of

have my dog's day no stone upon my contemptible

te coming from the temple of Phoebus Lycia at Patara,

the meanwhile my songs will travel, the devirginated young ladies will

ey have got over the strangeness." freshing and original is this:
I had sung of all these
of Hannibal, and of Jove protected by

Phoebus looking upon me from the

Castalian tree, then, "You idiot! What are you loing with that water?

has ordered a book about heroes? need, Propertius, not think acquiring that sort of a reputation fields must be worn by small wheels pamphlets will be thrown, thrown

e a girl waits alone for her lover wrench your page out of its course? eel will sink with your genius. unother oar churn the water, her wheel, the arena; mid-crowd is as

lavishly ample is this vivid description:

zle with outstretched ears us? She wept into uncombed hair,
And you saw it,

You, you Lygdamus, w her outstretched on her bed vas no glimpse in a mirror gawds on her snowy hands, no

Sad garment draped on her slender arms Her escritoires lay shut by the bed-feet. Sadness hung over the house, and the deso late female attendants

Were desolated because she had told them her dreams.

She was veiled in the midst of that place. Damp woolly handkerchiefs were stuffed into her undryable eyes, And a guerulous noise responded to our solicitous reprobations.

But read Ezra Pound in rhyme and in subjects more habitual to the pen of present-day poets. You will find him as original as

When the nightingale to his mate sings day long and night late, my love and I keep state

In bower,

Alha:

Till the watchman on the tower cry: "Up! thou rascal, rise, I see the white light,

And the night flies."

Compleynt of a gentleman who has been wait-

ing outside for some time: O Plasmatour and true celestial light, Lord powerful, engirdled with might,

Give my good-fellow aid in fool's despite Who stirs not forth this night, And day comes on. Sst! my good fellow, art awake or sleep-

Sleep thou no more. I see the star up-

leaping
That hath the dawn in keeping, And day comes on!
"Hi! Harry, hear me, for I sing aright,
Sleep not thou now, I hear the bird in

flight. That plaineth of the going of the night,

And day comes on! Descant on a Theme by Cerclamon. When the sweet air goes bitter, And the cold birds twitter Where the leaf falls from the twig.

I sough and sing that Love goes out, Leaving me no power to hold him. Clara: At sixteen she was a potential celebrity With a distaste for caresses. She now writes me from a convent; Her life is obscure and troubled;

Her second husband will not divorce her, Her mind is, as ever, uncultivated, And no issue presents itself.
She does not desire her children,

Or any more children. Her ambition is vague and indefinite, She will neither stay in, nor come out. Soiree:

Upon learning that the mother wrote

And that the father wrote verses, And that the youngest son was in a publisher's office, And that the friend of the second daughter

was undergoing a novel, The young American pilgrim s is a darn'd clever bunch!

Sketch 48, b. 11: At the age of 27 Its home mail is opened by its maternal

And its office mail may be opened by its parent of the opposite gender. It is an officer,

And a gentleman,
And an architect. Very searching, very biting, are Ezra Pound's modern satires. They recall the little novels in verse of Thomas Hardy, but

are more modern, more real. Hardy's stories in verse seem to have come from books reflecting the impulses and ideas of the last generation. Pound has seen his satires in the life of to-day: There died a myriad,

And of the best, among them, For an old bitch gone in the teeth, For a botched civilisation, Charm, smiling at the good mouth

For two gross of broken statues, For a few thousand battered books.

We should like to quote "Nodier raconte," Yeux Glaugues, and many more, but space forbids. These words on Fleet Street, how ever, must not be omitted:

Conduct, on the other hand, the soul Which the highest cultures have nour-

To Fleet Street, where Dr. Johnson flourished: Beside this thoroughfare The sale of half-hose has Long since superseded the cultivation

With the noble poem Envoi we close the covers, commending them to our readers:

ENVOI (1919).

Go, dumb-born book, Tell her that sang me once that song of

Lawes;
Hadst thou but song
As thou hadst subjects known,
Then were there cause in thee that should

Even my faults that heavy upon me lie And build her glories their longevity.

Tell her that sheds Such treasure in the air,
Recking naught else but that her graces I would bid them live As roses might, in magic amber laid,

Red overwrought with orange and all made One substance and one colour Tell her that goes With song upon her lips
But sings not out the song, nor knows

Maybe as fair as hers, Might, in new ages, gain her worshippers, When our two dusts with Waller's shall be

Siftings on siftings in oblivion, Till change hath broken down All things save Beauty alone.

THE APOSTLE.

By GUY A. ALDRED.

(One of many MSS, written in Barlinnie Prison, Glasgow.)

(Continued from last week.)

Cupid also understood the message of Jesus when he destroyed that terrible obsession of Puritanism, the Dismal Sunday, supposed, by some odd freak of theological ignorance and imposition, to be the sabbath. Intellect opposed reason to this tortuous inquisition and blasphemy all in vain. Each Snuday witnessed the impious sabbath taking its toll of human joy and health. One day Cupid revolted. It discovered the bicycle and leisured love of music and declined to take the misery lying down any longer. Then the churches emptied and Puritanism collapsed, not before its time. Cupid discovered, or rediscovered, the right use of the day of rest when it spelt holyday as holiday. Often sinners were purer, truer, and nobler in their ethics and

The Apostle spoke of the wonderful message The Apostle spoke of the wonderful message of Paris, the Paris of the great French Revolution. Nothing so revealed the poverty of Carlyle's thought as his attempt to impose upon mankind a blurred scenic effect of sketchy worthlessness as a record of this tremendous event. Following in his steps, a score of pedants had retailed as history to the Section of the National Accomply the Conventions to the Section National Assembly, the Convention, the Safety Committees, the Directory, and Napoleon. With less detail had they dwelt on the Commune and the Sections

(To be continued.)

You and the War.

War has broken out, fellow-worker; war is spreading as it spread in 1914.

What will you do in the war, fellow-worker?

"Never again," you said, "never again," when the last war ended.
What do you say to-day, fellow-worker? It is to-day that counts.
now that war has come? What do you say

That war has come?
Two young errand lads were talking in a City court off Fleet Street on Monday—lads in their 'teens; half-grown lads, still far from manhood:
"I tell you, my boy, I'm going up there to-day," said the younger; "I'm going up ay. I'll get through my training in nine months, and then I'll be out to Smyrna."

That was the boy's answer to the question war puts up to each of us. That was the wer of the ignorant lad, who only knows that life is drab, and work here at home badly and difficult to obtain. That boy's answer is the result of the Jingoism of the war twas taught him in the schools, and as his elders learnt it from the newspapers and paid and difficult to obtain. retailed it in his hearing

But you, fellow-worker; you are older—you lived through the war, and you under-d its aftermath of unemployment and bereavement. You said: "Never again will I stand its aftermath of unemployment and bereavement. You said: "fight in a Capitalist war. It will be the class war for me next time."

What do you say to-day?

Are you going to fight the Turk? Are you going to carry men by rail and sea to fight Turk? Are you going to make munitions to fight the Turk? You must decide quickly, fellow-worker.

It is your master's war, once more—a Capitalist war, more than ever it was. Surely you realise that: read what the Government says:

"That the Allies should be driven out of Constantinople by the forces of Mustapha Kemal would be an event of the most disastrous character, producing, no doubt, far-reaching reactions, not only throughout all Moslem countries, but also throughout all the States defeated in the late war."

Notice the last words, fellow-worker; in them lies the crux of the matter. The workers of Germany and Austria are driven to the verge of revolution. For sheer starvation they must rise to free themselves from economic slavery and set up Communism.

The fear of British troops is required to hold them down. If the British troops are en out of Constantinople, those oppressed workers may rise. Will you, fellow-worker, driven out of Constantinople, those oppressed workers may rise. Will you, fellow-worker, help to hold them down for your masters' sake? Is that the blackleg's part you are ready to play? Will you be a scab, or will you take the part of the workers and Communism?

Mr. Shortt, the Home Secretary, who sends rich men to Broadmore and poor men to the gallows, against the jury's recommendation, says:

"We have a Germany which may turn to revolution: and revolution among its virile, well-educated people would be infinitely more disastrous to Europe " means to Capitalism) "than anything that happened in Russia. We have to do our best to get reparations from Germany and bolster up Austria, for war would follow Austria's throwing up the sponge. It is not easy to avoid war in Central Europe."

That is how the Government is preparing the boss class for the war against the Workers' Revolution.

But you, fellow-worker; do you not understand that you ought to take the workers' There is only one answer for the workers—to make to the question war puts to us
That answer is advocated by all your leaders in peace-time. It is

THE GENERAL STRIKE AGAINST WAR.

The general strike, fellow-worker, will only arise from rank and file action

THE SEARCHLIGHT.

Cont. from p. 5.

tory Councils, the other half shall be equally divided between the District Councils, th Area Councils, and the National Executive.

No part of the revenue shall be used for paying sick, death, or unemployment benefit, but for fighting purposes and the expenses of the organisation

Any Shop, Factory, or District Council which fails to pay its dues for a period of —shall be suspended, and a month thereafter shall be considered defunct

The A.W.R.U. is not a Union that will be welcomed by the capitalist: when he discovers that it has established itself in his workshop he will be as uneasy as if his plant had been visited by a plague of rats. The A.W.R.U. need not advertise its presence except by

Solidarity must be the basis of the Workers Revolutionary Union of Workshop Councils. Fraternal consideration and self-sacrifice for the common good are the outward and visible signs of solidarity. Every member of the A.W.B.U. must be active with hand and brain in the task of securing the emancipation of the workers.

For further information, apply to Industrial Secretary, 4/o "Workers' Dreadnought," 152 Fleet Street, London, E.C. CorresponDear Editor,—It is a pity that Guy A. Aldred spoils his otherwise admirable MS, this week (September 2nd, 1922) by his praise of Luther. That estimate of the "reformer" is, I know, the generally accepted one, but it is, nevertheless, utterly misleading. The hero of the event called the Reformation was not really on the side of the weak against the strong, and of the incorrupt against the corrupt, as has been carefully mass-suggested in schools, newspapers, and "histories," and from pulpits, platforms, and tubs, for nearly four centuries. Guy Aldred is evidently a victim of this mass-suggestion.

Doubtless the discovery that one did not need to

for nearly four centuries. Guy Aldred is evidently a victim of this mass-suggestion.

Doubtless the discovery that one did not need to purchase indulgences from the Pope in order to live without fear "shook the world." But Luther's great discoveries did not stop there. He discovered, to the benefit of the rich, that St. James' epistle was "an epistle of straw." He discovered the "deserving poor," and advocated in place of the "indiscriminate" (i.e., the real) charity of the monasteries, the following "vast improvement, ma'am," in the distribution of poor relief: "Poor householders who have laboured honourably (note the proviso) at their craft, or in agriculture, shall, if they can find no other support, be given loans without interest (1) from the common chest. . The income of the chest shall be composed of the revenues of ecclesiastical estates, of free contributions, and, if necessary, of an assessment upon resident citizens, and a small poll-tax upon servants and journeymen." In other words, the rich are no longer to keep the destitute, but the poor are to help the poor, and relief is to be a loan, while the poll-tax on servants is not returnable.

This "reform" in the administration of relief is still the ideal of Rumble and of the Charity Organisa-

the poll-tax on servants is not returnable.

This "reform" in the administration of relief is still the ideal of Bumble and of the Charity Organisation Society; and it is the mean sort of Poor Law guardian who suggests that help to the destitute should be lent and not given, who (more than Liebknecht) directly descends from Luther. Is there any reason why we should admire a man who "shook the world" out of hospitality and charity to all—to the poor, the unfortunate, and the stranger—into the organised dead charity that we know to-day, which discriminates against the so-called undeserving, and meanly suspects the stranger? The motto, "The

just shall live by faith," which Mr. Aldred calls inspiring and splendid, exactly suits the selfish rich, who, from Luther's day to ours, and "believing in the Lord," have put their money into banks for the benefit of themselves, instead of into monasteries for the benefit of others.

The despotism which Luther destroyed was a quite harmless one compared with the despotism which he helped to put in its place. No one was compelled to purchase indulgences from the Pope, but we are all compelled now to pay interest on the National Debt, which is a direct result of Luther's Hofornation" and of the system of usury which has been built up since that event.

Further, if Luther's Jesus was a Jesus of humanity and revolt, why did the "great reformer" take the side of the landlords in the German peasants' revolt? We do not read that the poor Pope-ridden John Ball supported the landlords in the English peasants' revolt of 1381. The truth, "A lie is known by its fruit," applies here as everywhere. The fruit of Luther's motto, "The just shall live by faith," is the inhuman workhouse and the casual ward, largely supported by the poor themselves: the fruit of the medieval Popes' teaching (whatever we may think of the sale of indulgences) was the human monastery, supported entirely by the rich, and dispensing charity to all, irrespective of desert or undesert. That Luther did not teach us to "live without fear," and did no "proclaim the knowledge of a greater Jesus" than that known of old, is sufficiently proved by this one fact alone, that the form of "charity" has always been feared and hated by the people; while the monasteries, which he helped to destroy, were loved and cherished by the people, and existed in England for some nine hundred years. And that, I venture to say, is a longer period than any fruit of the "Reformation" is likely to live, whether it be the casual ward, the workhouse, the Derby, the Stock Exchange, Scotland Yard, the Sunday newspapers, or the successful and popular company promoter.

The Old School, Thaxted.

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AN OPEN CONFERENCE.

CALLED BY LEFT-WING COMMUNISTS.

"For the General Strike Against the War,"
At Friars Hall, 237 Blackfriars Road
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YOUR HELP IS REQUIRED!

LEFT WING COMMUNIST MEETING
FINSBURY PARK,
Sunday, September 24th, at 6 p.m.
Sylvia Pankhurst, N. Smyth.

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